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THE UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF AN INDIAN HEIRESS

Valli Arunachalam is fighting a lonely battle to secure a board seat in the male-dominated Murugappa conglomerate

s we dig into a south Indian breakfast at the ITC Grand Central in Parel, Mumbai,

Central in Parel, Mumbai, C. gives me a crash course on what her work as a nuclear scientist was all about when she was in the U.S.

"The molecular dynamics and Monte Carlo simulation methods that I had developed for the nuclear industry could be adapted for the semiconductor industry, and I was part of a collaborative predictive modelling and simulation team comprising experts from the semiconductor of the comprising experts from the semiconductor of the comprising the comprision of the compr

chemicals. "This was avery rewarding and enriching experience, and provided me with very valuable insights into business strategy," recalls Valli.

Down the road, it led to a stint at the IBM Research alliance, where she was part of the core team that selected best-in-class equipment and developed and transferred process technology to fabrication plants across the word." I was also instrumental in tool selection and technology transfer-ce a state-of-the-art 300 mm semiconduc-tor fabrication plant in New York State and in cases management and outmizaand in capex management and optimiza-tion," she says, between sips of coffee.

A DIFFERNT MISSION
Of course, Valli isn't meeting to discuss
nuclear research and its applications
in the semiconductor industry. On the
contrary, she's now guided by addifferent
mission, one that has become a leitmoif
for gender equality and rights in the business world. It's about challenging patriartly and stereotypes about gender roles in
the corporate arena. Valli's father, M.V.
Murugappan, was the executive chairperson of the Murugappa
family business for some

Murugappa m. was the executive chairpers on of the Murugappa family business for some two decades until his death in 2017.

Thereafter, in the years that have followed, and the word of the wind that have followed with the common some construction of the word of the word

operates 29 businesses, including 10 listed companies, and has more than 50,000 employees. The companies include Carborndum Universal, CG Power and Industrial Solutions. Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Company, Coromandel International, Coromandel Engineering Company, ELD. Party, Parry Agro Industries, Shanthi Gears Ltd., and Tube Investments of India.



Valli Arunachalam says there have been 18 daughters in the Murugappa family, over three generations, but none of them has made it into the business at any level

As a group, the business house is involved in manufacturing product lines that include ceramics, electro minerals, auto components, bicycles, fertilisers, sugar, tea and nutraceuticals. It has a geographical presence nationwide as well as internationally.

THE DISPUTE

The mb of the dispute between Valli and her uncles and cousins can be summarzed thus. According the right up to the time her father was alive, she and her family had visibility into the workings of the business and how decisions were taken and so on. She and her sister are the only siblings and her father was the only was under the condition of the state of the management and promoters at the group, was that he wanted his stake to be acquired at fair market value with the proceeds going to his heis. Vall's mother also defein lo 2022. The sisters are now fighting a lone, upill battle to secure a seat in Murugappa hold to calls and emails requesting clarifications and comments as of press time.

Is the exclusion because she may not be having any business experience in the group?

The swift retort is "I have a PhD in Valli wants to fight the legal battle with the conglomerate till the end. all the way to

the Supreme Court. The fight is about the rights of women, she asserts.

having any business experience in the group?

The swift retort is "I have a PhD in nuclear engineering. Some of my cousins...when they got on the board, were in their early 20s, fresh out of college, no experience in the family business. But they are all male, and got on the board right after their father's untimely death. And here, my father died in 2017, but his seat is still vacant."

18 DAUGHTERSIGNORED

Her comments touched a raw nerve.

"Their actions speak louder than words. There have been 18 daughters in the Murugappa family, over three genera-

tions. Not even one daughter has made it into the business at any level," says Valli. Some group companies do, however, have mon-family women board members.

The group structure has also changed inrecent times. Vallisays that the previous chairman of the group, M.M. Murugapan, retired at the age of 65. Usually, the custom is that the next oldest member becomes the chairman of the group. But that swhen they changed course and kind of triflurcated the business. — we learned about this triflurcation from the newspapers." she says.

After the triflurcation, Valli explains, Tube investments and Cholamandalam Finance are headed by S. Vellayan and Arun Murugappan, with a chairman for that branch; the engineering branch is run by M.M. Murugappan and his brother M.

that branch; the engineering branch is run by M.M. Murugapan and his brother MM. Venkatachalam; Coromandel International is headed by A. Vellayan and M. Alagapan. The only family branch that is not anywhere in this is my family branch. So, here we are... with an equal stake as all the other family branches, but the only branch that has been hept out of any major decisions," she says.

NO SUCCESSION PLAN

According to Ruban besal, a visiting opposes at Cornell's Johnson Graduate School of Business, and an espert family enterprise governance, disputes of this nature oftenstem from the prior genetion not clearly defining how their successors will inherit the business. Was it clearly defined who will own what townership), who will be on what townership), who will be on what boards (governance), and who will run various companies (management)?

He goes on to point out that ownership of a certain percentage of a company certainly gives a person the economic right to do with those shares as they please (subject to them not being

they please (subject to them not being they please (subject to them not being party to any agreements to the contrary). However, and as unfair and gender biased ast his might appear to be, ownership of a minority share in a private company in and of itself may not give a person a legal right to a board seat. These are complex inter- and intra-generational family issues.



WHAT

Valli Arunachalam's father M.V. Murugappan was the executive chairperson of the sugar-to-cycles conglomerate Murugappa Group for two decades until his death in 2017.

AND

After the deaths of her parents, neither Valli nor her sister were given a board seat in the large, low-profile, multi-billion-dollar business house run by men steeped in tradition.

NOW

Valli has been engaged in a legal tussle with her uncles and cousins for years, fighting for what she say is her rightful place within the Murugappa Group.

In some circles of corporate India, the opinion is that Valli's father was also culpable because he could have architected leadership and ownership structures while he was in charge to ensure that his daughters were not mistreated. It's a notion that Valli'rejects vehemently. "He was the only senior with daughters and at the time of his death it was his bals wight that his shapes be valued

was his last wish that his shares be valued at fair market price and we be compen-sated for it." sated for it."

Experts say that Indian business houses are now keeping pace with global trends.

"Ata time when many Indian corporate houses have embraced many global best practices, it is anachronistic to not give credence to one family member of the other gender," observes Shriram Subra-

manian, founder at InGovern, an independent corporate governance and research advisory firm that works with both investors and companies. Shriram is not wrong. Overseas and across the world, Indian-origin executives have been making their presence feat across beardrooms, including Indra Noory, who ran PepsiCO, and Leena Nair, he recently appointed CEO of Chanel. Just recently, Manasi Kirloskar took over he reins at Kirloskar Systems when her father unexpectedly died. Earlier, Nisaba Godrej had been anonimed to must be deried Group's large flagship company, Godrej Consumer Products Ltd.

O'course, it does become essier to clard succession, next generation leadershy and board appointments when there are fewer family membes in

Valli dismisses the notion

that she was too quick to

take the legal route to settle

her claims, something that

may have disturbed a

regardless of gender – wolld be a challenge, as well astime-consuming. In addition, the multiplicity of group companies, subsidiaries and cross-holdings makes that even more convoluted," he said.

my commitment. Because this is not just about me, my family, our rights. It is about the basic rights of women in India, of daughters, of nieces, of wives, of mothers."

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